WHAT IS CHRONIC DRY EYE?
The eyes’ surface plays an important role in maintaining appropriate tear flow. Healthy human tears are made up of substances that lubricate, heal and protect the surface of the eye. Any imbalance in the composition of tears can cause Dry Eye to develop, interrupting people’s ability to use technology, drive, work, or do the things they love. With Chronic Dry Eye (CDE), also called Dry Eye Syndrome or Dry Eye Disease, the eyes are not making the right quantity or quality of tears. It’s often chronic and may get worse over time.

HOW COMMON IS DRY EYE?
In the U.S., nearly 30 million adults experience symptoms consistent with Dry Eye; an estimated 16 million adults are diagnosed with Dry Eye disease.

WHAT ARE DRY EYE SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS?
Dry eye signs and symptoms include a burning, itchy, stinging or gritty feeling in the eyes, episodes of blurred vision, eye redness and watery eyes. Dry Eye can interrupt activities including reading, watching TV, working on a computer or driving a car.

WHAT ARE SOME RISK FACTORS FOR DRY EYE?
There are many possible risk factors for Dry Eye, including wearing contact lenses and certain medications. In addition, Dry Eye is strongly associated with being older, postmenopausal, and being exposed to environmental conditions such as wind, dry air, and tasks that may result in long periods without blinking such as computer work.

GENERALLY, HOW DO PEOPLE TREAT THEIR DRY EYE SYMPTOMS?
Over-the-counter eye drops are one of the first things people experiencing Dry Eye symptoms try. People who use artificial tears frequently should talk to their doctor or eye care professional.

ARE ANY GROUPS AT AN ELEVATED RISK?
Dry Eye is nearly twice as common in women (7.8 percent) than in men (4.3 percent). The surface of your eyes may become stressed for many reasons, including your age, if you’re a woman, changes in hormones and certain autoimmune disorders, such as Sjögren’s.

QUICK FACTS

• Signs and symptoms include, but are not limited to:
  o A burning, itchy, stinging or gritty feeling in the eyes
  o Episodes of blurred vision
  o Eye redness
  o Watery eyes

• The surface of your eyes may become stressed for many reasons, including your age, if you’re a woman, changes in hormones and certain autoimmune disorders, such as Sjögren’s.

• Spending time on your computer or in front of other screens may cause you to blink less often, which can contribute to Dry Eye.

If you often experience symptoms including watery eyes, stinging, burning, irritation, itchiness, grittiness, redness, occasional blurry vision or feeling like you have something in your eye, you might be one of the nearly 30 million American adults who have symptoms consistent with Dry Eye. Find out more at www.myeyelove.com.